Divorce And Your WRS Benefits

(For Non-Annuitants)



Department of Employee Trust Funds

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Topics Covered

- Reference Materials
- Commonly Asked Questions
- General Information
 - Overview of Qualified Domestic Relations Orders (QDROs)
 - When ETF receives a QDRO Processing
- Death Benefits and Beneficiaries
- Effects on Open Accounts (Non-annuitants)
 - Benefits Available
 - Calculating Benefits
 - Applying for Benefits

REFERENCE MATERIALS



COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS

- I'm getting divorced, what will happen to my WRS benefits?
- Does my account HAVE to be split?
- Can I buy back service lost from my QDRO?
- How long will it take to split my account?
- If I received a WRS account from my former spouse, when can I take a benefit, and how much will I get?

OVERVIEW

The Basics of Qualified Domestic Relations Orders (QDROs)

ETF can divide a Participant's WRS account between the Participant and the former spouse (Alternate Payee)

 For marriages legally terminated after 1981 (divorce, annulment or legal separation)

and

Upon receipt of a
 Qualified Domestic
 Relations Order
 (QDRO)



QDRO must be an original or certified copy

- To assure QDRO meets all requirements in WRS law
 - Use the QDRO forms that we provide
 - ET-4926 Order to Divide Wisconsin Retirement System Benefits Wisconsin
 - ET-4935 Foreign Jurisdiction Order to Divide
 Wisconsin Retirement System Benefits (if marriage not terminated in a Wisconsin court)
 - Both are available on our Internet site

A QDRO must divide an account by a percentage (%) only

- No dollar amounts
- The percentage cannot exceed 50% of the total account value as of the "decree date"
 - Decree date (defined by statute) is the "first day of the month in which the marriage is legally terminated"

GENERAL INFORMATION Effects of Law

The WRS is a public retirement plan and is **not** subject to these Federal Laws

- Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA)
- Retirement Equity Act

The effects of a QDRO on a Participant's account and the benefits payable to an Alternate Payee depend on when the divorce occurred and the WRS account status on the decree date

- Active account
- Inactive account
- Annuity

QDROs apply only to a Participant's account

 Based on the service, earnings and contributions from WRS employment

WRS benefits as a beneficiary or Alternate Payee are <u>never</u> affected by a QDRO

GENERAL INFORMATION Fund Participation

If Participant has funds in the Variable Trust Fund, the Alternate Payee does as well

- The Alternate Payee can cancel Variable participation at any time
- Contact ETF for a Variable cancellation form

If Participant is not enrolled in the Variable Fund, all funds will be in the Core Trust Fund only

Required QDRO Language

- The Participant's name, birthdate, current address and Social Security number (SSN)
- The Alternate Payee's name, birthdate, current address and SSN
- The WRS must be specifically named
- The QDRO must specify the decree date as the date to be used for valuing and dividing the account or annuity

Required QDRO Language

- The QDRO must award a percentage, not to exceed 50%, of <u>all</u> parts of the Participant's account <u>as of the decree date</u>
 - The percentage (%) may be specified up to two decimal places; example, 33%, 33.3%, 33.3%
- The QDRO <u>must</u> require the Participant to certify all active military service (or provide an affidavit on a form provided by ETF)

What happens when ETF receives a QDRO?

Upon Receipt of a QDRO

- ETF reviews it to verify all statutory requirements are met (<u>Valid</u> QDRO)
 - If the QDRO contains provisions prohibited by WRS law, or
 - Does not meet statutory requirements or
 - Is invalid for any other reason,then . . .



It is "REJECTED" and returned to the court/party who submitted it

SAMPLE QDRO FORM

ET-4526 (Front)

Determines Decree Date



STA	ATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURT, BR	RANCH,COUNTY					
In re	e the marriage of: and Petitioner,	ORDER TO DIVIDE WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFITS Outlified Pomostic Political Order					
		Qualified Domestic Relations Order Wis. Stat. § 40.08 (1m) Case No					
	Respondent.	Case No.					
TO:	Department of Employee Trust Funds P.O. Box 7931 Madison, WI 53707-7931	SAMPLE					
	NOTE: DO NOT ALTER THIS FORM. ALTERED FORMS MAY BE REJECTED.						
NOTWITHSTANDING ANY CONFLICTING OR CONTRARY PROVISIONS IN THE FINAL JUDGMENT DECREE OR ORDER TERMINATING THIS MARRIAGE, OR IN ANY PRIOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER, THE COURT FINDS:							
(h (E Si	PARTICIPANT & PARTICIPANT'S EMPLOYER: The Petitioner Respondent (Check One) (hereinafter referred to as the "Participant") is/was employed by(Employer name) (hereinafter called the "Participant's Employer"), a participating employer under Wis. Stat. Chapter 40.						
(N	(Note: if both the Petitioner and Respondent are participating employees whose WRS benefits are to be divided, use a separate Order for each.)						
O	TERMINATION OF MARRIAGE: On(date), the marriage between the Participant and his/her spouse (hereinafter referred to as the "Alternate Payee"), was terminated by this court under a final judgment, decree or orders						
C. <u>D</u>	DESCRIPTIONS:						
Į.	PARTICIPANT	ALTERNATE PAYEE					
î	Name (Last, First, MI)	Name (Last, First, MI)					
\$	Social Security Number	Social Security Number					
E	Birthdate (MM/DD/CCYY)	Birthdate (MM/DD/CCYY)					
. [Last Known Mailing Address:	Last Known Mailing Address:					

ET-4926 (REV 11/2005) Page 1 of 2

more than two decimal places and not to exceed 50%) of the value of all parts of the Participant's account

(More Information on Back)

% (insert single percentage with no

D. PERCENTAGE: The Alternate Payee is awarded

as of the decree date. This cannot be a dollar figure.

SAMPLE QDRO FORM

ET-4526 (back side)

Required language

Judge's <u>original</u> signature (or certified by Clerk of Courts)

UPON THE ABOVE FACTS, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- Hereinafter, the "decree date" shall be the first day of the month in which the marriage of the parties was terminated.
- 2. Within 30 days of a request by the Department of Employee Trust Funds, and in any event within 45 days of this Order, the participant shall certify and prove personal active duty military service or provide an affidavit of no military service (ET-4322) to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931, in the form prescribed by the Department. It is strongly recommended that the military affidavit be submitted with the QDRO to ensure prompt and accurate division of the participant's account and avoid potential delays in benefits for both parties.
- 3. Within 30 days of receipt of a written request from the Department of Employee Trust Funds or a copy of this Order, the Participant's Employer shall submit to the Department of Employee Trust Funds a report of the earnings, service and contributions of the Participant, in the form specified by the Department. The report shall include all of the Participant's earnings, service and contributions through the day before the decree date that have not previously been reported to the Department.
- 4. After receipt of the above certification of military service and report of earnings, service and contributions, the Department of Employee Trust Funds shall value the Participant's benefits under the Wisconsin Retirement System as of the decree date and divide those benefits as provided under Wis. Stat. § 40.08 (1m), using the decree date and percentage awarded to the Alternate Payee.
- Neither the Participant nor Alternate Payee shall have any ownership or control of the benefits distributed to the other as a result of this order and operation of Wis. Stat. § 40.08 (1m).
- There shall be no division or payment of benefits which are required to be paid to the Internal Revenue Service under a lien placed on the Participant's account under 26 U.S.C. 64.
- There shall be no benefits paid to the Alternate Payee which are also required to be paid to another alternate payee.
- There shall be no payment of benefits exceeding in value those benefits to which the Participant is entitled on the decree date.
- 9. The Department of Employee Trust Funds is not required to:
 - Enforce or otherwise monitor the benefits assigned to the Alternate Payee under Wis. Stat. § 40.08 (1m).
 - Take any action or make any notifications as part of the exercise of ownership rights granted under Wis. Stat. § 40.08 (1m).
 - Enforce or otherwise monitor any beneficiary designation specified in any agreement of the parties or in the judgment, decree or order terminating this marriage.
- 10. This Order is intended to be a Qualified Domestic Relations Order as defined by Wis. Stat. § 40.02 (48m). It supercedes any previous order to divide the Participant's Wisconsin Retirement System benefits issued in connection with the termination of this marriage, including the judgment, decree or order terminating the marriage.

Dated this	day of		20
	BY THE COURT		And the second
		•	- 7 LAP
	Judge's Signature	 	
	Print name of Judge		

NOTE: The judge's signature, certification or court stamp <u>must</u> be original or it will be rejected and returned.

Distribution of Copies: Original to Court file; **Certified** copy to Department of Employee Trust Funds; Copy to Petitioner; Copy to Respondent; Copy to Participant's Employer.

Dividing Open Accounts

Dividing Open Accounts - Military Service

Participants with active or inactive accounts:

• ETF sends a Military Service Affidavit-QDRO form (ET-4322) to Participant

- Purpose is to certify any active military service and
- If it will be used for credit in any federal retirement
- Form must be notarized and returned to ETF with copy of discharge papers (if applicable)



Dividing Open Accounts

- If Participant actively employed under the WRS
 - ETF sends a form to his/her employer for

certification of:

- Unreported Service
- Earnings
- Contributions
- Upon receipt of these forms,
 the account is split



Dividing Open Accounts

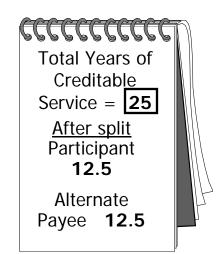
- What parts of the account are divided?
 - The Participant's money balances

and

• All creditable service

A separate account is
 created for the Alternate Payee





Dividing Open Accounts

After the account is divided each party receives a

Statement Of Account After Division (ET-4924)

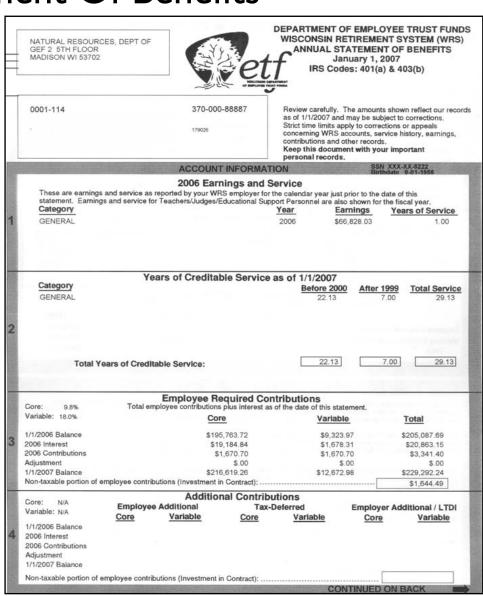
It shows account balances and total creditable service for each

Statement Of Account After Division

The amounts below reflect the account balances as of the decree date, after division pursuant to the QDRO. This is not a benefit application. Contact this office for an application form when you want to apply for a benefit. Participant Name (Last, First, MI) Alternate Payee Name (Last, First, MI) Alternate Payee Social Security Number Participant Social Security Number Percentage of Account(s) Awarded to Decree Date 50.00 % OCT 01 2007 Alternate Pavee CREDITABLE SERVICE AS OF DECREE DATE Employment Actual Years Service Potential Military Service * Years of Service Pre-2000 Post-1999 Total Pre-2000 Post-1999 Total Pre-2000 Post-1999 Total Category Category Teacher 5.20 3.84 9.04 Alternate Payee's Teacher 10.41 7.69 18.10 Participant's Service After Division Service Before (includes Military Division: Service) Teacher 5.21 3.85 9.06 Participant's Service After Eighilt, based only on actual Division: vears of service as of decree date. **ACCOUNT BALANCES AS OF DECREE DATE** SEPARATION BENEFIT BALANCE (Note: No amount is shown if you are not eligible for a separation benefit.) **ALTERNATE PAYEE PARTICIPANT** Variable Fixed Fixed Variable 31,012.99 31,013.00 MONEY PURCHASE BALANCE **PARTICIPANT ALTERNATE PAYEE** Fixed Fixed Variable Variable 62,026.03 62,026.04 \$

Annual Statement Of Benefits

Every year after the split, each party receives an Annual Statement Of Benefits

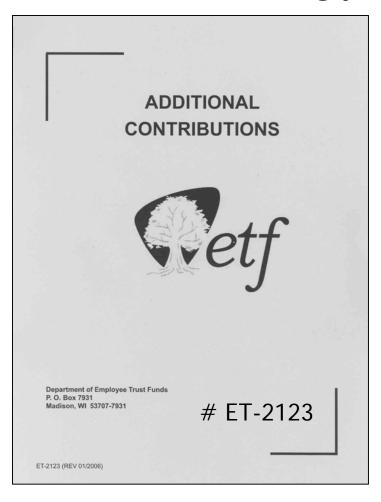


Recovering Lost Service and Contributions



- There are no provisions in WRS law that permit participants to
 - Repay lost contributionsor
 - Purchase years of service lost through a QDRO
- Service and contributions are permanently lost to the Participant

Rebuilding your WRS Account



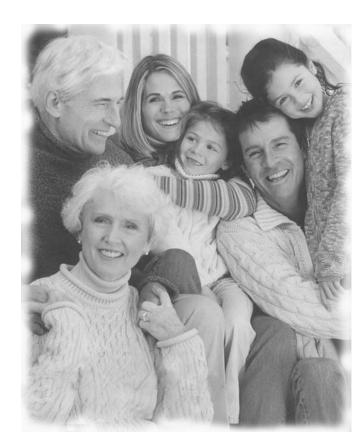
Active Participants only

To help make up for the loss of contributions as a result of a QDRO ...

Consider making Additional Contributions!

See webcast on Additional Contributions

Death Benefits and Beneficiaries



BENEFICIARY DESIGNATIONS

When a Participant's account is divided . . .

The Participant and Alternate Payee can each name beneficiaries to receive any death benefits payable

Beneficiaries can be changed **ANY TIME**

DEATH BENEFITS AND BENEFICIARIES

Death benefits are <u>ALWAYS</u> paid based on the most recent beneficiary designation on file at ETF

Beneficiary designations
do not change automatically
when significant life events occur
(such as a divorce or remarriage)

- Changes to your designation MUST be made on the form approved by ETF
- If no beneficiary on file, death benefits are paid based on *Statutory Standard Sequence*

Benefit Calculations

Benefit Calculations

Remember . . .

A QDRO divides **both** the

MONEY BALANCES and CREDITABLE SERVICE in

the Participant's account and the specified percentage is transferred to a separate account for the Alternate Payee

So . . . that affects both the "Formula" and "Money Purchase" retirement calculations

Benefit Calculations

Money balances are used to calculate the Money Purchase retirement benefit for either party

• The percentage transferred applies to <u>ALL</u> contributions

When calculating benefits:

- The Alternate Payee balance includes only the balance transferred and interest earnings
- The Participant balance includes contributions and interest credited to the account AFTER the decree date

Benefit Calculations

Creditable Service

- The percentage of service transferred is used to calculate the <u>Formula</u> retirement benefits for the Alternate Payee
- The Participant's remaining service, plus service earned after the decree date is used to calculate a retirement benefit (or disability retirement if applicable)

Benefit Calculations Creditable Service And Age Reduction

- Normal retirement age (NRA) is when there is NO reduction applied to a formula benefit
- An annuity that begins <u>before</u> NRA is "reduced" because it is expected to be paid longer
 - When calculating the <u>age reduction</u> (for either party) – it is determined as though the Participant's service was <u>not</u> reduced through a QDRO

Benefit Calculations Final Average Earnings (FAE)

- The Participant's FAE is <u>not</u> affected by a QDRO
 - Formula retirement benefits are based on the actual FAE <u>at the time the Participant's benefit</u> <u>begins</u>
 - The Alternate Payee's formula benefit is also based on the Participant's FAE on the Alternate Payee's retirement benefit begin date

BENEFITS AVAILABLE Open Accounts

ALTERNATE PAYEE

- The Alternate Payee can apply for a benefit at any time
 - Regardless of age or employment
 - Alternate Payee must request the application from ETF (unless Participant previously retired)
 - Application must be received and processed before payment can be made

Alternate Payee

Benefit rights available to the Alternate Payee are the same as a Participant who has terminated WRS employment

The account is considered <u>inactive</u>
 IMPORTANT . . .

 Death benefits on inactive accounts include only the employee required and any additional contributions

Alternate Payee

If the Alternate Payee also has their own WRS account

- The Alternate Payee account will be separate
 - The two accounts are NEVER combined
- Benefits are calculated separately and require separate applications

Alternate Payee

If the Participant is **under** minimum retirement age (MRA) (55 or 50)

- Eligible for Separation Benefit
 - Until the Participant is 55 (or 50)
 - Benefit includes only the employee required and additional contributions
 - Employer contributions and all service are forfeited
 - All rights to a future retirement benefit are forfeited
 - Lump sum payment only account is closed

Alternate Payee

If the Participant is at least MRA

- Eligible for Retirement Benefit
 - Benefit includes full account value (unless Participant is not vested)
 - Benefit is calculated under both the formula and money purchase methods
 - ETF pays the higher amount

If account is very small, may only be eligible for a lump sum vs. a monthly lifetime annuity

CALCULATING BENEFITS

Open Accounts



CALCULATING BENEFITS

- A formula benefit is calculated using:
 - I. The <u>Participant's</u> final average monthly earnings (FAE) when the Alternate Payee's retirement benefit begins
 - 2. Formula factor(s) based on employment category of the service granted in the QDRO
 - 3. Years of service granted in the QDRO
 - **4.** Age reduction factor based on the Alternate Payee's age (if applicable)

CALCULATING BENEFITS

Alternate Payee

- A money purchase benefit is calculated using:
 - I. The Alternate Payee's age when his/her benefit begins
 - 2. The dollar amount (s) in the account

 (Annuities from Voluntary Additional Contributions are also calculated under the money purchase method)

More information about formula and money purchase calculations is in the *Calculating Your Retirement Benefits* brochure (ET-4107)

Open Accounts

Alternate Payee - Open Accounts

- Alternate Payee should contact ETF for an application
 - If eligible for a retirement benefit (monthly annuity)
 - ETF provides an estimate/application showing all 3 payment options available
 - Request estimate/application <u>several months</u> before the expected begin date
 - Application processing time approximately 6 weeks
 - If only eligible for lump sum benefit, can take 90 days or more to process

Alternate Payee - Open Accounts

- If under age 62 when benefit begins, accelerated payments may be available
 - These payments provide an "accelerated" (extra) monthly benefit <u>until age 62</u> when eligible for Social Security (SS) benefits
 - After age 62 the accelerated (extra) amount stops, and is expected to be "replaced" by your SS benefit

Intent of accelerated payments

The "before age 62 annuity" would be about the same as the after 62 income from SS and the WRS combined

Alternate Payee - Open Accounts

Special Caution

If an Alternate Payee is eligible for and chooses an accelerated payment option, it could result in a significant decrease in your total income at 62

(Contact ETF with questions)

CONCLUSION



The End